



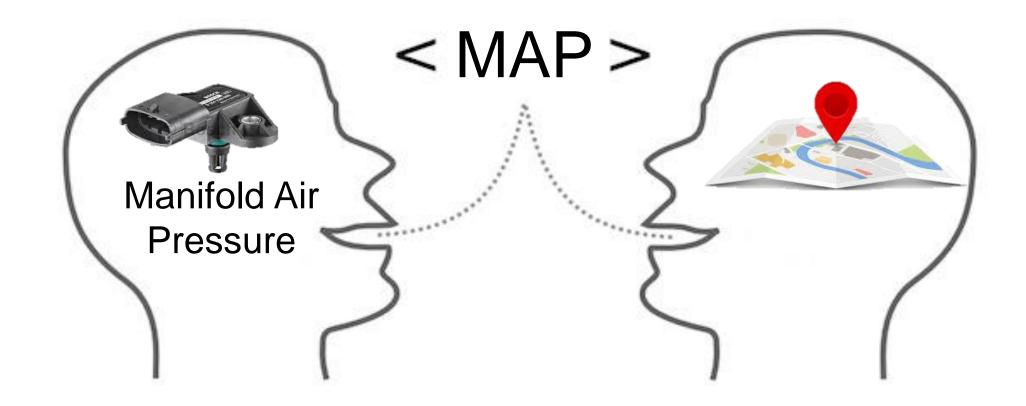
November 16, 2019 | Cloud & Connected Services Workshop Session One

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Toward a Common Vehicle Data Model **Motivation**



Motivation





Heterogeneous vehicle data

{"acceleratorPedal":{"position":"4095","ecoPosition":"3"},"brakeContact":"1 6","speedActual":"0"}, "timeStamp":"2018-01-10T17:01:27.297Z",}

{"name":"accelerator_pedal_position","value":0,"timestamp":1361454211.483000}

 $\{"name":"fuel_level","value":23.478279,"timestamp":1361454211.485000\}$

{"name":"torque_at_transmission","value":1,"timestamp":1361454211.488000}

Temperature sensor

Adaptive cruise control

Front camera

Radar



Blind spot detection

Wheel speed sensor

 Steering angle sensor

Park assistant Vehicle height sensor

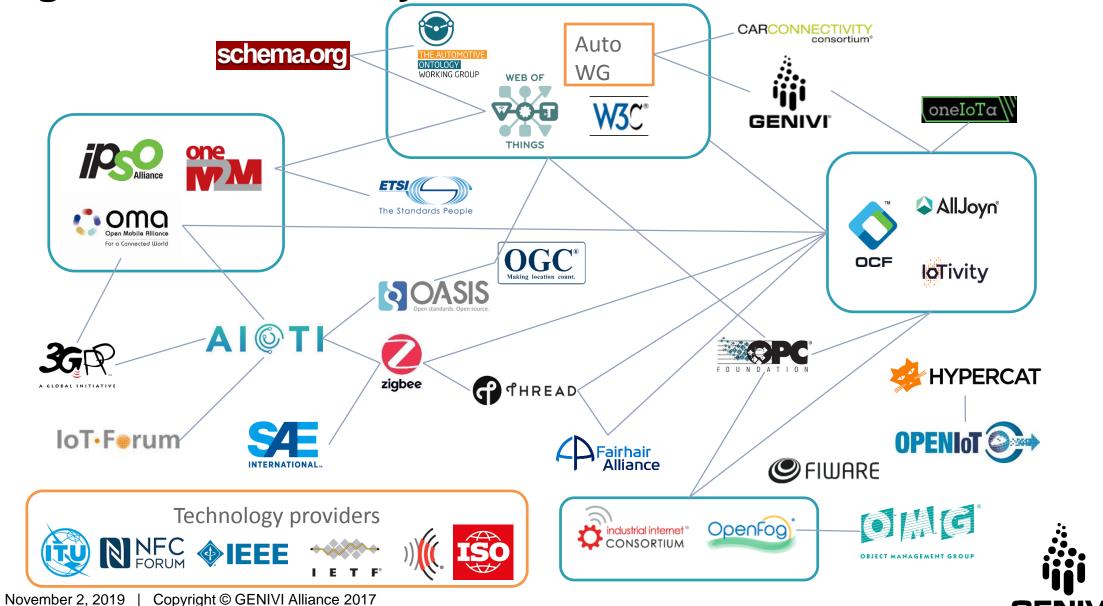


Signal name?

Timestamp?

Units?

Fragmented IoT ecosystem



Challenges

- Heterogeneous data
 - Sources: vehicles, road infrastructure, external APIs...
 - Different brands and models
- Hard to standardize bus signals (OBDII)
- Access control independence (data model vs data instances)
 - Security
 - Privacy
 - Different implementations
- In-vehicle signals vs backend APIs



Toward a Common Vehicle Data Model Gap analysis



Some major standardization initiatives

- ISO 20078 Extended Vehicle
- W3C Vehicle Information Server
- SensorIS
- AutoMat Common Vehicle Information Model
- Car Connectivity Consortium
- IoT initiatives...



ISO Extended Vehicle (ISO 20078)

Motivation

- Increasing demand from 3rd parties to access vehicle data and functionality
- OEMs already equipped vehicles with telematics units and ITinfrastructure to handle connectivity
- Need to define a design and requirements to ensure that security, safety and data privacy (best practices, common methods)

Stakeholders

Data model

- For 3rd parties to implement
- RESTful with JSON or XML schema
- requirements on several aspects:
 - URI definition,
 - error handling,
 - Naming
 - interaction pattern

Metadata

Policies: requirrements for 3rd parties



SensorIS

Motivation

- Enable broad access, delivery and processing of vehicle sensor data
- Enable easy exchange of vehicle sensor data between all players
- Enable enriched location-based services
- Drive global growth in this field

Stakeholders

Data model

- Data messages in categories (which you can create)
- Identifies of submitter, session, message, vehicle fleet, vehicle, and driver
- Developed in google Protocolbuf library

Metadata

- Units explicitly defined (e.g. deg_c for Celsius degrees)
- Policy for category extension to be compatible



W3C Vehicle Information Server

Motivation

Data model

- Vehicle Signal Specification as the per default model
- Alternative possible

Stakeholders

Metadata

Vehicle Signal Specification extension mechanism



Toward a Common Vehicle Data Model Vehicle Signal Specification @ GENIVI



Vehicle signal specification (VSS)

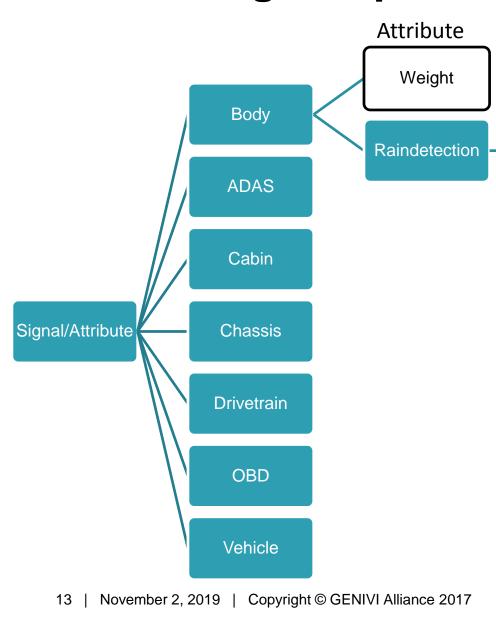


Figure:

- 451 branches
- 1103 leaves:
 - 43 attributes
 - 1060 signals: including
 - (700 seat-related),
 - 268 with unit

Examples:

Intensity

Signal

Gearbox-sensed speed: Drivetrain.Transmission.Speed

Type: UInt8

Unit: percent

Description:

Value:

restriction or

free

Signal entries

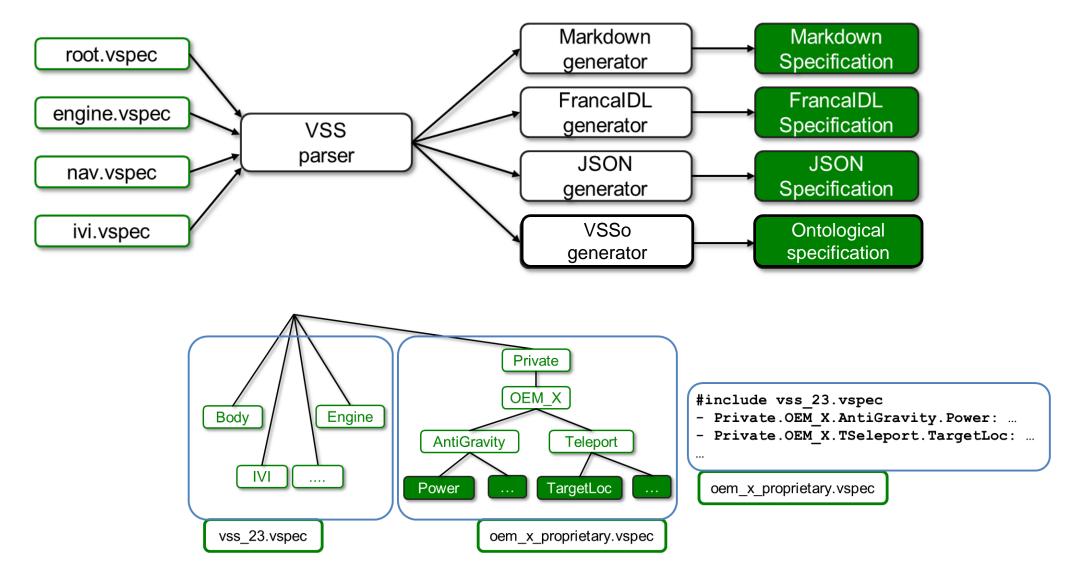
Engine speed: Drivetrain.Engine.Speed

GPS-sensed speed: .Cabin.Infotainment.Speed Left door lock: .Body.Row1.Door.Left.IsLocked

Right mirror tilt: .Cabin.Mirror.Right.Tilt

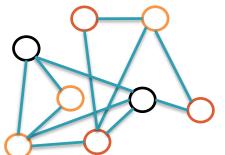


Generation and extensions





VSSo: VSS ontology [3]

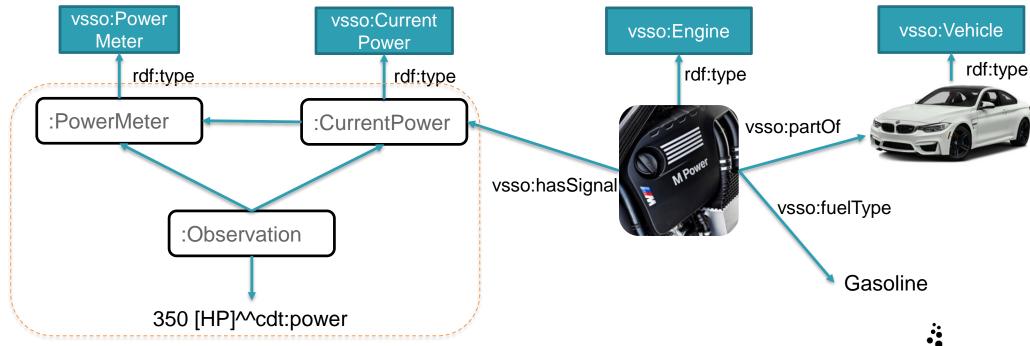


Graph representation of formal models of:

- Vehicles and their branches
- Sensors, actuators, signals and attributes

SOSA pattern [4]:

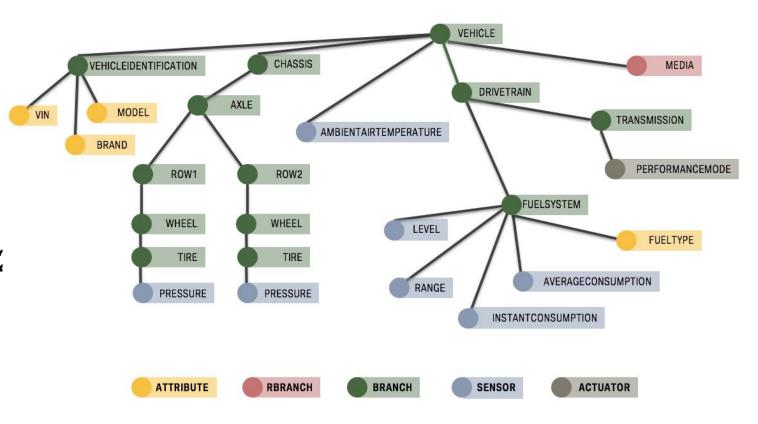
- Sensor,
- Observation,
- Sample,
- Actuator



- [3] http://automotive.eurecom.fr/vsso
- [4] https://www.w3.org/TR/vocab-ssn/

VSS 2.0

- A unified tree combining:
 - Static attributes
 - Sensors
 - Actuators
- Simpler position models:
 - Observe wheels in Row[1,2
 - Get window position in [LEFT,RIGHT]
- Rbranch:
 - Resource branch
 - Adapted for collections





Toward a Common Vehicle Data Model **Discussion**



Which data models are missing?



How is access managed?



Are there some signals that should allow for more than one unit to be fair to all OEMs?



What parts of the VSS-based ecosystem is based on a standard database of named signal? How large parts are proprietary extensions?



Which approach and policies for future-proofing?



How the choice of technical specification can affect the result (performance, feasibility of ...)?



Next session at 13:45

The Value of Vehicle Data to Enterprises

