



DOES OPEN MEAN VULNERABLE?

GENIVI All Members Meeting, Seoul Korea - October 2015
Bill Weinberg, Senior Director, Open Source Strategy
Black Duck Software

AGENDA

- Introduction
- Security by Obscurity
- Security through Openness
- Open Source Hygiene
- Conclusion and Q&A



INTRODUCTION

YOUR SPEAKER

Bill Weinberg, Senior Director, Open Source Strategy – Black Duck Software

Bill helps Fortune 1000 clients create secure approaches to enable, build, and deploy software for intelligent devices, IoT, automotive systems, enterprise data centers, and cloud infrastructure.

Working with FOSS since 1997, Bill also boasts more than thirty years of experience in embedded and open systems, telecommunications, and enterprise software. As a founding team-member at MontaVista Software, Bill pioneered Linux as leading platform for intelligent and mobile devices. During his tenure as Senior Analyst at OSDL (today, the Linux Foundation), Bill ran Carrier Grade and Mobile Linux initiatives and worked closely with foundation members, analyst firms, and the press. As General Manager of the Linux Phone Standards Forum, he worked tirelessly to establish standards for mobile telephony middleware.

Bill is also a prolific author and busy speaker on topics spanning global FOSS adoption to real-time computing, IoT, legacy migration, licensing, standardization, telecoms infrastructure, and mobile applications. Learn more at <http://www.linuxpundit.com/>.



BLACK DUCK – SECURING AND MANAGING OPEN SOURCE

24

Countries

185+

Employees

1,600

Customers

27 of the Fortune 100

7 of the top 10 Software companies, and
44% of the top 100

6 of the top 8 Mobile handset vendors

6 of the top 10 Investment Banks



Four Years in the "Software 500" Largest Software Companies



Six Years in a row for Innovation



Gartner Group "Cool Vendor"



Award for Innovation



"Top Place to Work," The Boston Globe

TWO COMPETING NARRATIVES

Security by Obscurity



Security through Openness





SECURITY BY OBSCURITY

The Traditional Approach

SECURITY BY OBSCURITY

Practical Definition for Developers

- Minimize/eliminate access to source code
- Small teams create, review, maintain systems and apps
- No purview by or sharing with third parties
- Restrictions enforced by technical and statutory means

The practical antithesis of open source

OBSCURITY FALLACY

Hacking tools and malware don't require source code

- Root kits, RATs, fuzzing, etc.
- Viruses, worms, DDoS, MitM, etc.

Fewer eyes mean less purview, potentially more bugs

- Closed favors black hats over white

Secrecy affects vendor behavior

- False sense of security
- Slower, less aggressive remediation



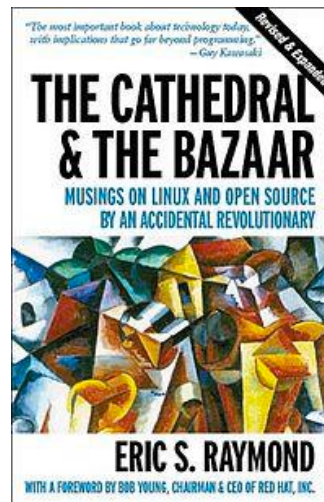


SECURITY THROUGH OPENNESS

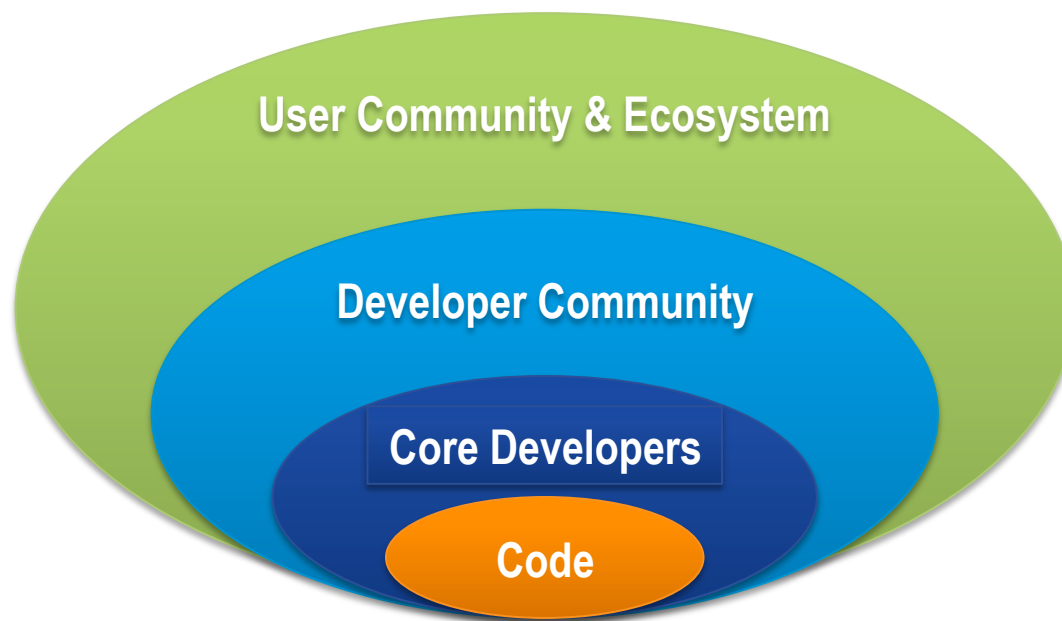
Community-based security

LINUS' LAW

Given enough eyeballs, all bugs are shallow

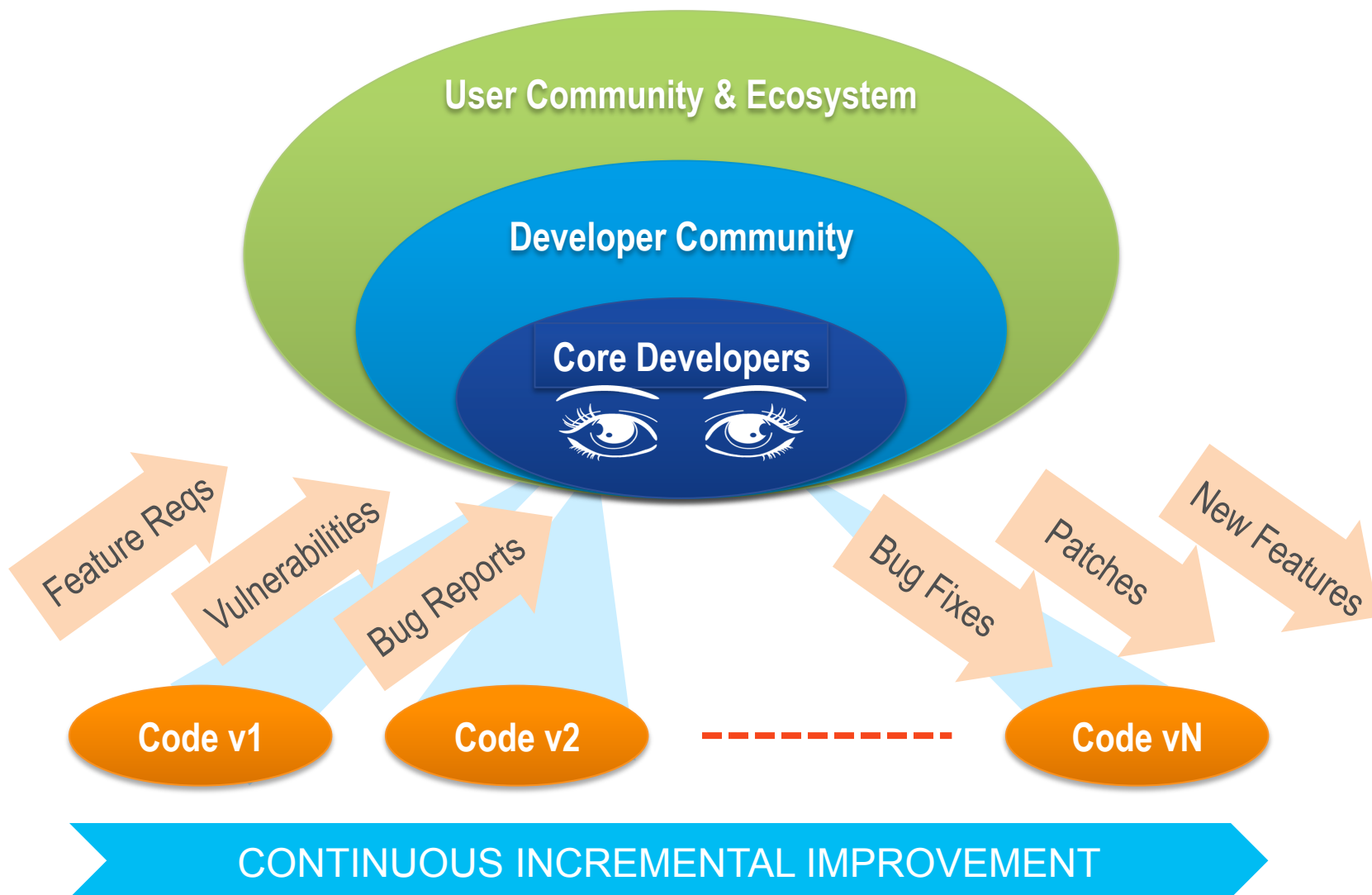


OPEN SOURCE DEVELOPMENT MODEL

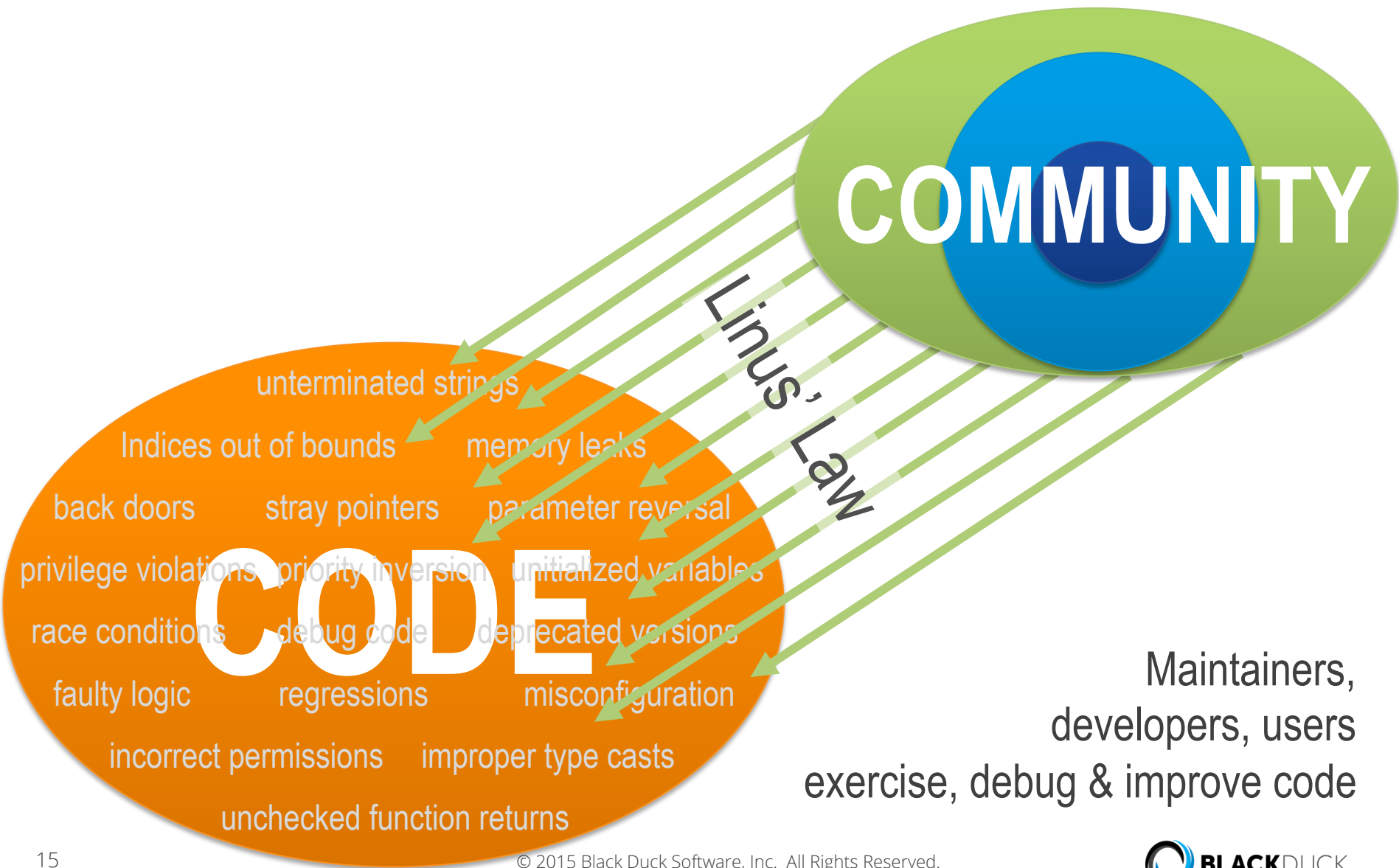


- Core project developers create, maintain, curate code base
- Vet contributions from larger communities
- Focus on project goals – features, performance, etc.

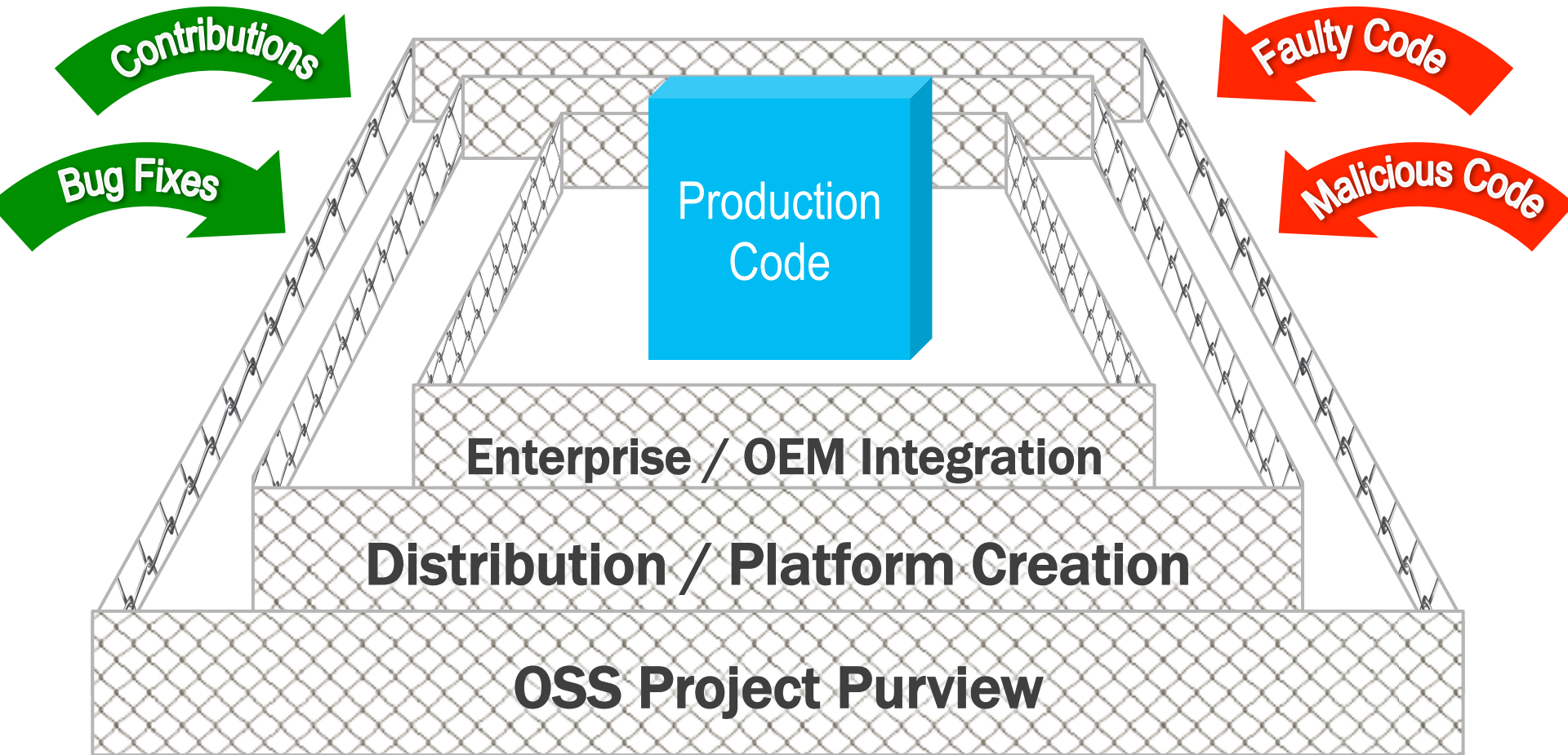
OPEN SOURCE CODE CURATION MODEL



OPEN SOURCE CODE QUALITY ASSURANCE

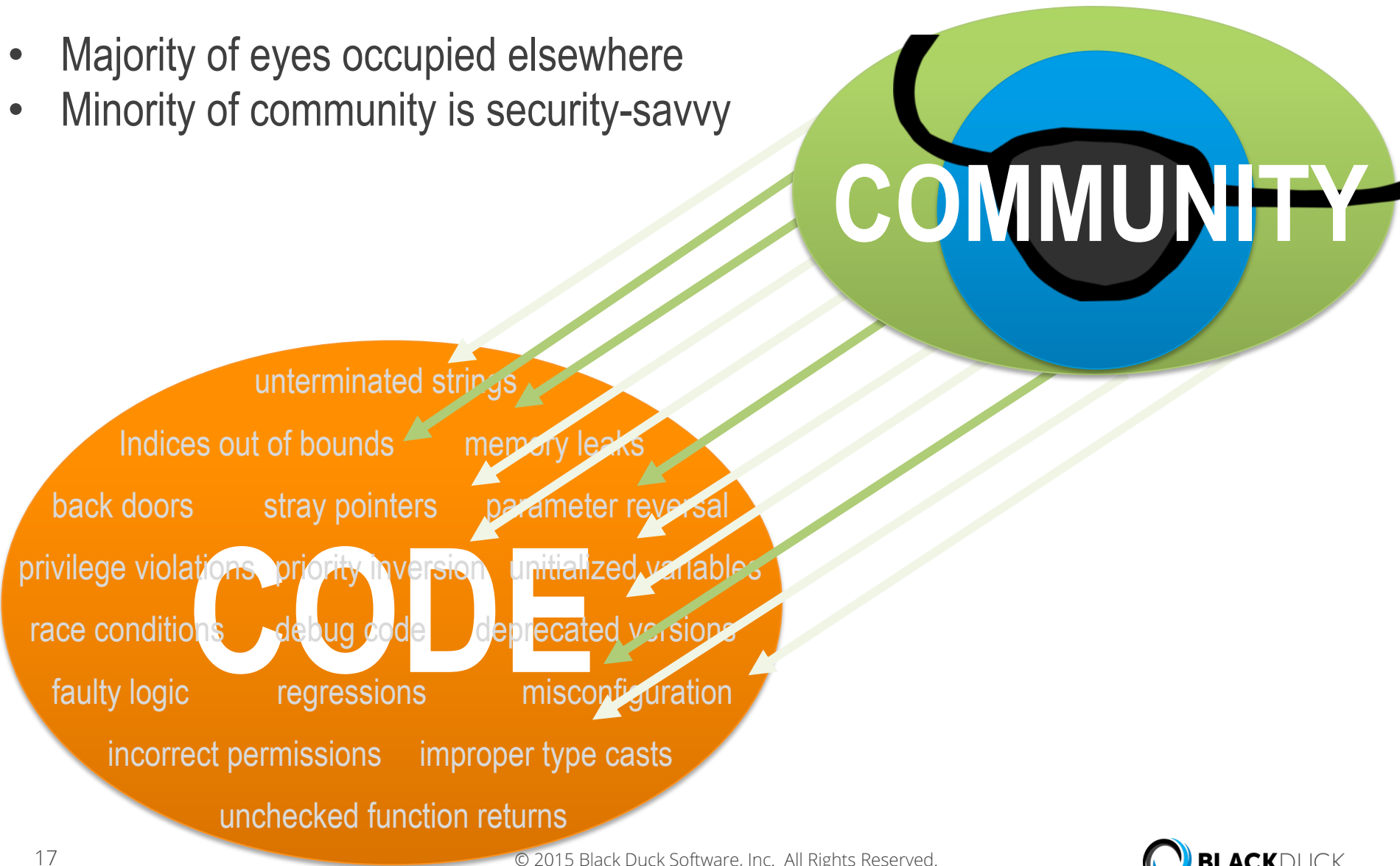


THEORETICAL "TRIPLE FENCE" OF OSS SECURITY



OPEN SOURCE CODE SECURITY GAP

- Majority of eyes occupied elsewhere
- Minority of community is security-savvy



WHAT DO THESE VULNERABILITIES HAVE IN COMMON?



Heartbleed



Shellshock



Freak



Ghost



Venom

Since: 2011

1989

1990's

2000

2004

Discovered: 2014

2014

2015

2015

2015

Discovered by: Riku, Antti,
Matti, Mehta

Chazelas

Beurdouche

Qualys
researchers

Geffner

Component: OpenSSL

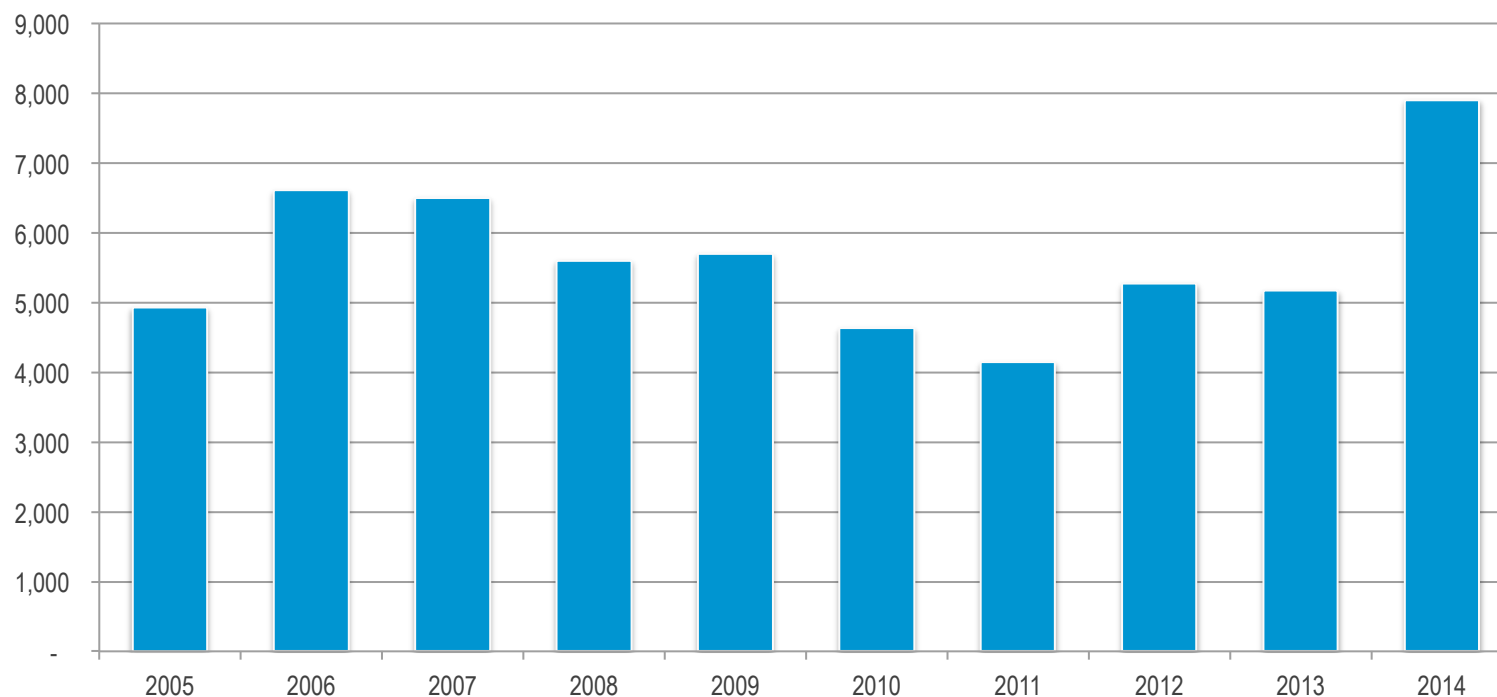
Bash

OpenSSL

GNU C library

QEMU

VULNERABILITIES DISCLOSED PER YEAR (NVD)



In 2014:

- Over 7,900 new vulnerabilities disclosed & catalogued
- ~4,300 in Open Source, ~3,600 in commercial software

Reference: Black Duck Software knowledgebase, NVD

“Through 2020, security and quality defects publicly attributed to OSS projects will increase significantly, driven by a growing presence within high-profile, mission-critical and mainstream IT workloads.”



Gartner, Road Map for Open-Source Success: Understanding Quality and Security, Mark Driver, 3 March 2014.



OPEN SOURCE HYGIENE

Securing and Managing Open Source S/W



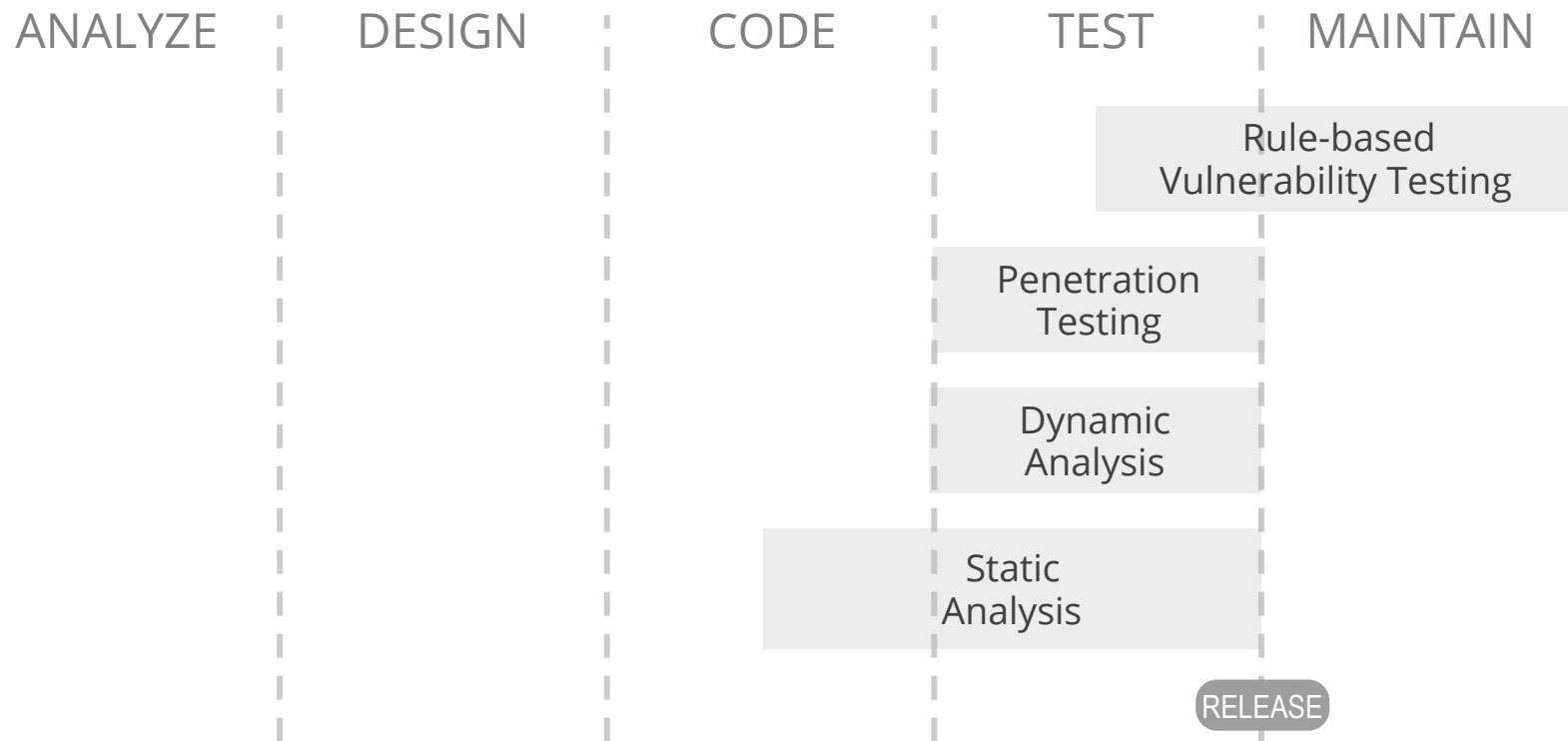
Open Source Hygiene is the practice of cross referencing the open source content of a company or product software stack, module by module, version by version, with databases of known vulnerabilities of those software components.

Software Composition Analysis (SCA)



OSS HYGIENE COMPLEMENTS SECURITY TESTING

SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT LIFE-CYCLE



OPEN SOURCE HYGIENE

OSS POLICIES

OSS SELECTION

OSS DETECTION

OSS ALERTING

OSS MONITORING

DUE DILIGENCE ACROSS THE DEVELOPMENT LIFE-CYCLE



Scan



Identify



Inventory
BOM



Map
Vulnerabilities



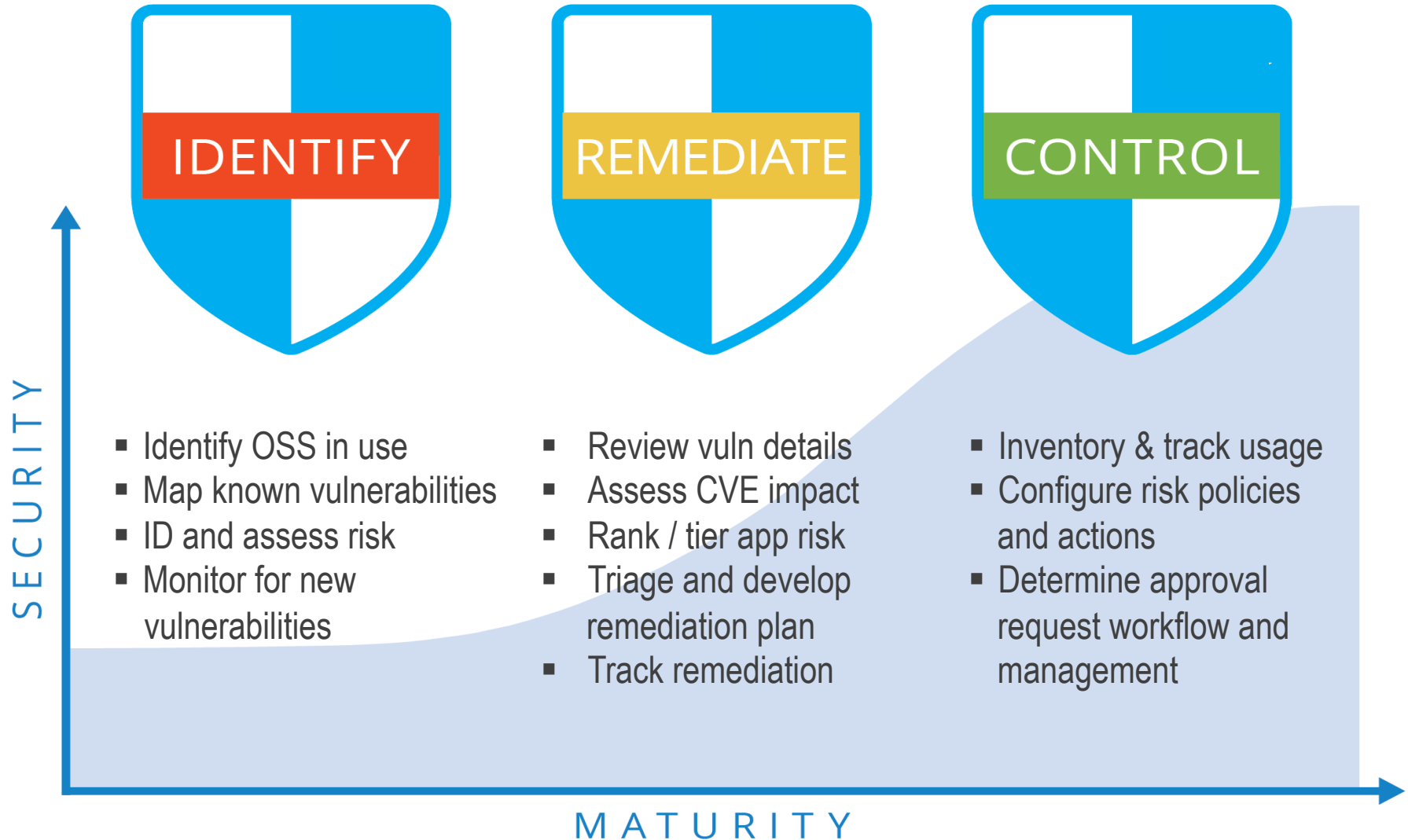
Monitor

Accurate list of
open source components
automatically created
for any application
at any point in the SDL

Identify vulns during
development

Alert new vulns in
production apps

THE ROAD TO SECURE OSS USE – BEST PRACTICES



DOES OPEN MEAN VULNERABLE? IT DEPENDS . . .

1. Under ideal conditions, open is more secure than closed
2. Conditions are never ideal
3. Integrators and end-users need to supplement community



Choose Your Hat



Q&A

