GENIVI®



Persistency in Production

Month 04, 2018 | Using Genivi persistency in production

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Content

- Production Program KPIT Role
- Software Platform Architecture
- GENIVI Components Adaptation
- GENEVI Adaptation Persistency
- Persistency Adaptation Challenges
- Persistency Adaptation Approach
- Custom Tools / Utilities
- Problems Experienced
- Next steps



Production Program - KPIT Role

KPIT as a Lead Software Integrator for MY18 & MY19 Production Program

- Complete SW integration & release
- HMI and application development
- KIVI middleware porting and adaptation
- System Infrastructure development / Adaptation
- Linux BSP porting, tuning and optimization
- 3rd party software integration
- Cybersecurity, Fast Boot, FOTA
- Ownership of system KPIs
- Build management
- Integration Testing





KIVI - Software Platform Architecture

	HMI & Application									HMI Framework						
	Application Interface Framework															
Middleware	Multimedia		Phone Projection					Telephony (HFP, PBAP, MAP)				Tuner	Vehicle & Sensor Service			
	Media Browser		Android Auto	o CarP	lay	Carli		BT Prot Stac	r <mark>files</mark> Network ck Phone			ENA	Vehicle Interface		e &	
	Media Player		AOAP	Apple	iAP2	Cari	ne		EC	NR			FIVI	Functions		
Infrastructure	Life Cycle	Software Update	Persistency	Device management	Connection management		Mar	Audio nagement	Layer nt Management		Fra		PC nework	Diagnostic Manager	urity	~
	Start-up Controller	Update Manager	Persistency	Device	Wi-Fi		Rc	Audio outing &	Vie Coi	deo ntrol	EAVB	IPC Plugins	Calibration	ier Secu	LOGGEF	
	Power Management	Delta Update	Backend	management			Mar	Policy nagement	Comp	& oositing			Calibration Backend	Cyb		
S	Systemd	KIVI Core DBUS		File Syst	TCP /	TCP / IP Auc			lio Wayland			IPC	System Utils			
BSP & Device Driver Linux Kernel																
New/Custom Development 📃 KPIT Components 🧧 3 rd Party Components 🔤 OSS Components 🚺 Adaptation/Customize of OSS																



GENIVI Component Adaptation in KIVI

Life Cycle Management	 GENIVI provided LCM components are used almost as it is with minor bug fixes Node State Manager (NSM) Node Startup Controller (NSC)
Persistency	 GENIVI provided Persistency components are used almost as it is with minor bug fixes Persistence Client Library (PCL v1.0.0) (user 1, seat 0), private data Persistence Administrator (PAS v 1.0.5) Persistence Common Object (PCO v1.0.3)
Audio Manager	 GENIVI Audio Manager framework used. All plugins are developed by KPIT as per production program requirement Audio Manager Daemon (version 1.0) Audio Manager Controller Plugin (version 1.0) Audio Manager Routing Plugin (version 1.0) Audio Manager Command Plugin (version 1.0)



Assumption : Understanding of Genivi components

We know

- Persistence Client Library
- Persistence Administrator
- > What are Cacheable items, Write-through items.
- Persistence setup Json tar files

Persistence folder structure



GENEVI Adaptation – Persistency



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GENIVI Adaptation – Deployment



Persistency Adaption Challenges for Production

- 1. Database deployment on target
 - First time Deployment during EOL Testing
 - > Deployment of newly added applications using software update
 - Deployment on host during development and testing
- 2. Serialization & De-serialization of key-value pair data
- 3. Use of same database for multiple applications as a part of single process
- 4. Enforcing cacheable and write-through behaviors.
- 5. Backup trigger management
- 6. Exception handling (File system corruption, mount failure,)
- 7. Custom tools requirement for development and testing

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1.1 Approach – App deployment workflow



1.2 Approach - Database Deployment / Installation On Target

First time installation and through S/W update

- Rootfs contains application JSON tar files
- During first boot before application is fully operational respective database folder structure is created
- New application database is installed using software update.



2.1 Approach – Abstract Serialization & de-serialization



2.2 Approach – Application uses primary data types

Application Persistables as Simple variables

```
if ( DEFAULT APP ID != start->appId )
```

```
m_cachedData->HOME_factoryAppOrder[index].HOME_appIndex = start->appIndex;
m_cachedData->HOME_factoryAppOrder[index].HOME_appId = start->appId;
m_cachedData->HOME_factoryAppOrder[index].HOME_badgeState = DEFAULT_ZERO;
m_cachedData->HOME_factoryAppOrder[index].HOME_iconState = HOME_IMG_APP_NORMAL;
index++;
```

Developer handles basic data types

```
/*generate*/
kint32_t HOME_DBCheck = 0;
USER_STRUCT_CACHE1_DECLARE HOME_factoryAppOrder[26];
kuint16_t HOME_currentPage;
bool HOME_shouldReadDefault;
kint32_t HOME_calAppOrder[26];
bool HOME_firstRunStatus;
```



2.3 Activity - Persistency integration



2.5 Snapshot – Cachables and Writethrough

<Struct Name="factoryAppOrder" Description="Default Application Loading Order" numberOfElements="26" Storage="local" Policy="cached" Permission="Read-Write" > <UnsignedShort Name="appIndex"/> <Integer Name="appId"/> <UnsignedInteger Name="event"/> <UnsignedShort Name="badgeState"/> <UnsignedShort Name="iconState"/> <Boolean Name="isNative"/> <Boolean Name="isPersistence"/> </Struct> <Boolean Name="isDataSharingOn" Description="Status of data sharing flag" Storage="local" Policy="writethrough" Permission="Read-Write" value="true" UserSpecific="yes"> </Boolean>



2.4 Snapshot - Persistables in normal code.

Instantiate the Persistence autogenerated classes.

```
//instantiate persistables
```

```
DECLARE_PERSISTENCE (m_Cached, ipc)
REGISTER_ERROR_HANDLER (m_Cached, myErrorHandler, NULL)
END_DECLARE_PERSISTENCE
```

Load the Persistable data at startup

```
//Load the Persistables.
kstore_status_t status = m_cachedData->Load();
m_userAppOrder[location] = m_CachedData->HOME_factoryAppOrder[index];
//let us know which page the user was
m_currentHomePage = m_CachedData->HOME_currentPage;
```

2.4 Snapshot - Persistables in normal code.

Store the Persistable data at shutdown.

```
kstore_status_t status = m_Cached->Store();
LOG5((TEXT("Store status-> %d\n"),status));//LCOV_EXCL_LINE
if(status != KSTORE_STATUS_OK)
LOGERR((TEXT("Store failed with status-> %d \n"), status));
status = m_Cached->HandleShutdown();
```

Destroy the Persistables

```
HomeLogicManager::~HomeLogicManager() {
    RELEASE_PERSISTENCE
```



Sample code HMI



Sample_Media_file_usage_cpp.html

SampleFavoriteManager_FilePathType.cpp.html



2.5 Snapshot - Writethrough Persistables





2.6 Approach – Advantages

- > Abstraction of persistence APIs.
- > Abstraction of storage policy of persistency infrastructure.
- > Automatic coupling to lifecycle.
- > Json Tars with the app developer.
- Ease of trying out and testing.
- Less number of PCL Key-value pairs so low memory utilization
- Multiple applications within single process using same database
- Multiple applications under multiple team working for same process
- Conditional backup during shutdown



3.1 Approach – multiple xmls generate multiple json

App_projections.xml

<Boolean Name="CarplayAppState" Description="Persists Value of AppSetting for Carplay" Storage="local" Policy="cached" Permission="Read-Write" value="true" UserSpecific="yes"/>



App_hmi_core.xml

<File Name="favoritesDB" Description="Favorites Database storage path" Storage="local" Policy="cached" Permission="Read-Write" UserSpecific="yes" MaxFileSize="7000" dataType="Path"> <Path>/usr/kpit/Persistence/favorites.db</Path></File>

Resource-configuration.json

"Projection_CarplayAppState":

"policy":"cached","permission":"Read-Write",
"storage":" local","max_size":"2" ,"responsible":"Me",
"custom_name":"none","type":"key","customID":" d38046 "

Resource-configuration.json

"CORE favoritesDB":

1,

},

"policy":"cached","permission":"Read-Write",
"storage":" local","max_size":"7000" ,"responsible":"Me",
"custom_name":"none","type":"file","customID":"d38046 "



```
"config appl" : "HMIF", "version" : "v1.0.0", "resources" :
    "Projection DBCheck":
        "policy":"cached", "permission":"Read-Only", "storage":" local",
        "max size":"5" ,"responsible":"Me","custom name":"none",
        "type":"key","customID":"d38046"
    1,
    "Projection CarplayAppState":
        "policy":"cached", "permission":"Read-Write", "storage":" local",
        "max size":"2" , "responsible": "Me", "custom name": "none",
        "type":"key","customID":"d38046"
    },
    "CORE DBCheck":
        "policy":"cached", "permission":"Read-Only", "storage":" local",
        "max size":"5" ,"responsible":"Me","custom name":"none",
        "type":"key","customID":"d38046"
    },
    "CORE favoritesDB":
        "policy":"cached", "permission":"Read-Write", "storage":" local",
        "max size":"7000" ,"responsible":"Me","custom name":"none",
        "type":"file", "customID":"d38046"
    1,
```



3.2 Approach – Post build utility merges jsons

"config appl" : "HMIF", "version" : "v1.0.0", "resources" :

"Projection_DBCheck":

"policy":"cached","permission":"Read-Only","storage":" local",
"max_size":"5" ,"responsible":"Me","custom_name":"none",
"type":"key","customID":"d38046"

},
"Projection CarplayAppState":

"policy":"cached","permission":"Read-Write","storage":" local",
"max_size":"2" ,"responsible":"Me","custom_name":"none",
"type":"key","customID":"d38046"

"CORE DBCheck":

"policy":"cached","permission":"Read-Only","storage":" local",
"max_size":"5" ,"responsible":"Me","custom_name":"none",
"type":"key","customID":"d38046"

"CORE favoritesDB":

"policy":"cached","permission":"Read-Write","storage":" local",
"max_size":"7000" ,"responsible":"Me","custom_name":"none",
"type":"file","customID":"d38046"

```
},
```

1,

1,



"policy":"cached", "permission":"Read-Write",

"storage":" local", "max_size":"7000" , "responsible":"Me", "custom name":"none", "type":"file", "customID":"d38046 "

"Projection CarplayAppState":

3,

"CORE favoritesDB":

"policy":"cached", "permission":"Read-Write"

"storage":" local", "max size":"2" , "responsible": "Me",

"custom name": "none", "type": "key", "customID": " d38046 "

3.3 Approach – Multiple app keys under one process

DLT| WARNING: Loging disabled, FIFO /tmp/dlt cannot be opened with open()! Projection_CarplayAppState RECORD 1: key Projection_CarplayAppState, policy 0, storage 0, type 0 , permission 0 , max_size 2, responsible Me, custom_name none, customID d38046

CORE_MaxAudioFavorite RECORD 2: key CORE_MaxAudioFavorite, policy 0, storage 0, type 0 , permission 0 , max_size 5, responsible Me, cust om_name none, customID d38046

Projection_DBCheck RECORD 3: key Projection_DBCheck, policy 0, storage 0, type 0 , permission 0 , max_size 5, responsible Me, custom_nam e none, customID d38046

CORE_DBCheck RECORD 4: key CORE_DBCheck, policy 0, storage 0, type 0 , permission 0 , max_size 5, responsible Me, custom_name none, cus tomID d38046

Projection_UUID RECORD 5: key Projection_UUID, policy 0, storage 0, type 0 , permission 0 , max_size 2049, responsible Me, custom_name none, customID d38046

Projection_CarlifeAppState RECORD 6: key Projection_CarlifeAppState, policy 0, storage 0, type 0 , permission 0 , max_size 2, responsible Me, custom_name none, customID d38046

Projection_GalAppState RECORD 7: key Projection_GalAppState, policy 0, storage 0, type 0 , permission 0 , max_size 2, responsible Me, cu stom_name none, customID d38046

CORE_favoritesDB RECORD 8: key CORE_favoritesDB, policy 0, storage 0, type 1 , permission 0 , max_size 7000, responsible Me, custom_name none, customID d38046

CORE_isAudNumCalSet RECORD 9: key CORE_isAudNumCalSet, policy 0, storage 0, type 0 , permission 0 , max_size 2, responsible Me, custom_n ame none, customID d38046



4 Approach :- Backup trigger management

- > Change in write through persistable is backed up soon after.
- Change of cacheable data registers application for backup.
- At shutdown setup persistence service backups up all the applications registered for backup.



Custom Tools / Utilities

Sr.No.	Tools	Purpose
1	Packpersistencesetup	 Merging separate json tars of multiple applications into one under a process.
2	Persistencexml2cpp	 Autogenerating Persistable classes Creating Json tars
3	JsonToDatabase	 To generate tar files that can be used for host testing.



Problem Experienced

Major problems experienced

- Data base corruption
- File and File System corruption
- Mount failure
- Schema update failed as a part of software update

System strategy

- Avoid abrupt shutdowns if possible
- Avoid file system unmount failures during shutdown
- Optimize data write events
- Recover from backup
- File system checks (fsck)
- Recreate default persistency
- Health Monitoring and failure
 - detection mechanism
- Factory Reset
- System recovery

Next steps

- Enhancements
 - Serialization of Structure inside structures
 - Serialization of Structures strings as members.
 - Serialization of classes.
- Provision to store file buffer inside key-value pair to store file inside database
- Auto generation tool in Python instead of Java xtend
- Using persistence frame work on Android platform



Thank you!

Visit GENIVI at <u>http://www.genivi.org</u> or <u>http://projects.genivi.org</u> Contact us: <u>help@genivi.org</u>

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